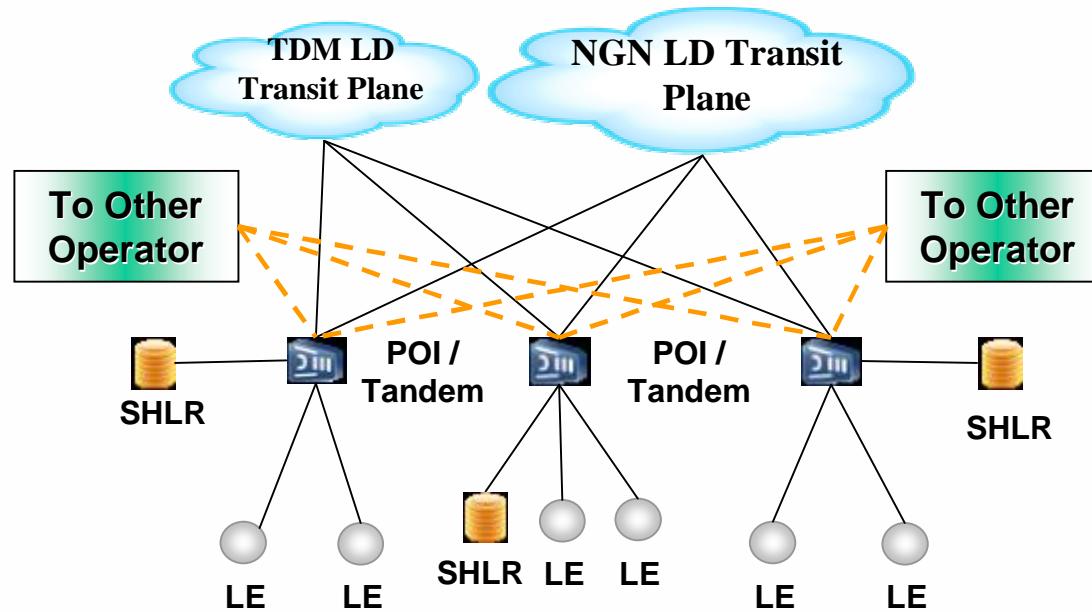




PTCL Transit Planning Solution

PTCL-Huawei Network Planning Team
March 2006



- Based on analysis of PTCL current fixed network, Huawei suggest following migration solution from PSTN to NGN
 - ▶ **On transit layer** : migrating from coexistence of PSTN & NGN devices to IP-based pure NGN transit network
 - ▶ **For POI & Tandem layer** : Separate POI function from DTE to establish new POI layer based on MGW, at the same time, new POI act as local tandem. Connect SHLR to new POI to introduce network intelligence
 - ▶ **On local Exchange Layer** : choose some aged TDM exchanges to migrate to NGN.

- This slide is based on “PTCL POI Planning solution”,

It means:

- ↳ All POIs will be constructed with MGW of NGN network
- ↳ Original POI function on DTE has been removed
- ↳ After that, DTEs have the same function with HCTE

CONTENT

- ➔ Current PTCL Transit Setting
- ➔ General Transit Network Structure
- ➔ PTCL Transit Deployment Suggestion

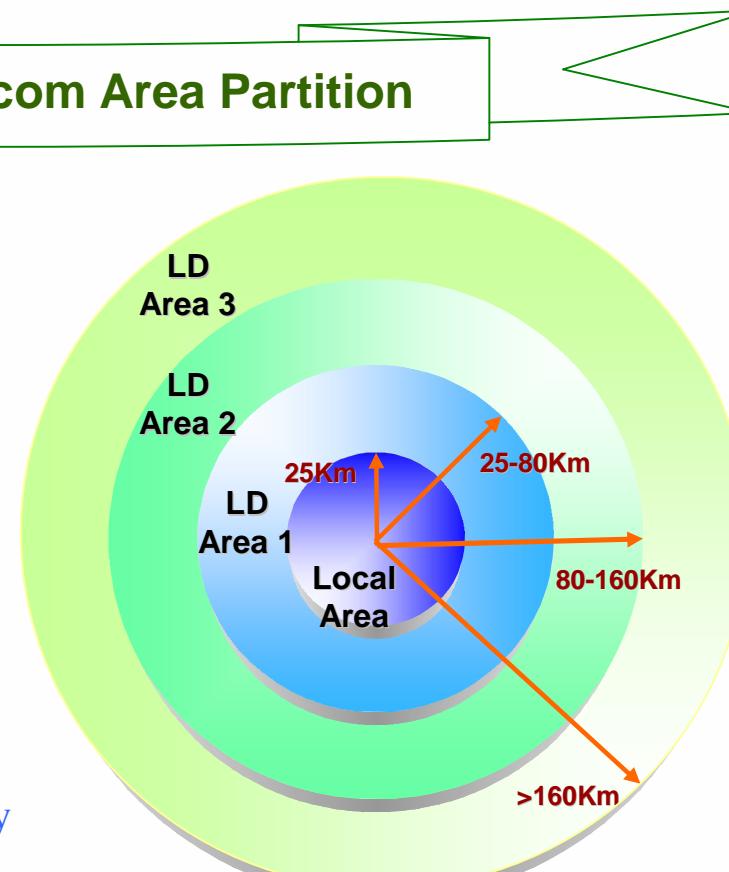
PTCL Current Telecom Area Partition

● Description:

- ▶ Call type identification will be based on distance calculation between exchanges
- ▶ Fixed calls are charged per 5 minutes.

● Disadvantage:

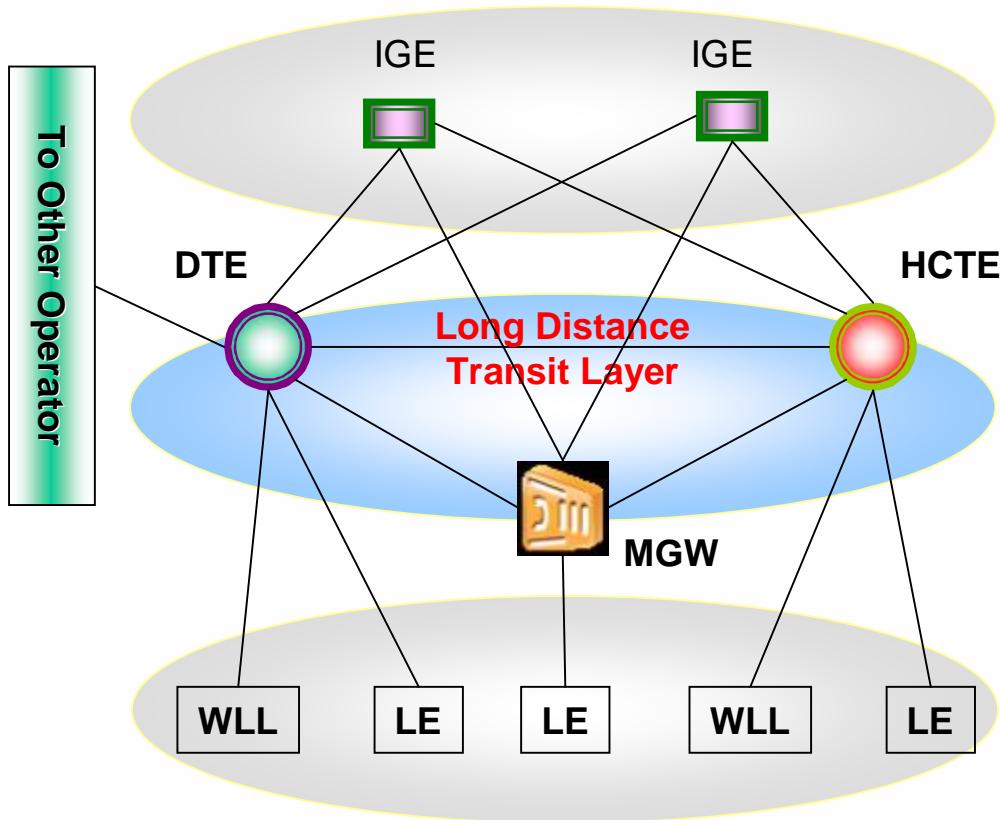
- ▶ High OPEX : Have to modify many exchanges' data to identify call type when new exchange is built.
- ▶ Unclear network layer : no clear boundary between local and long exchanges



Note :
LD -- Long Distance

Telecom Area Suggestion: Construct hierachic network
based on telecom region/district partition

PTCL Current Transit Layer Structure



Note :

- After POI migration, POI function will be removed from DTE.

● Description:

- ▶ There exist three kinds of transit exchanges in current PTCL network: DTE, HCTE and MGW.
- ▶ TDM and IP technologies coexist to transit long distance traffics.
- ▶ HCTE is pure TDM-based transit exchange
- ▶ MGW is pure IP-based transit exchange
- ▶ DTE is also TDM-based transit exchange, but some have subscriber access

● Target:

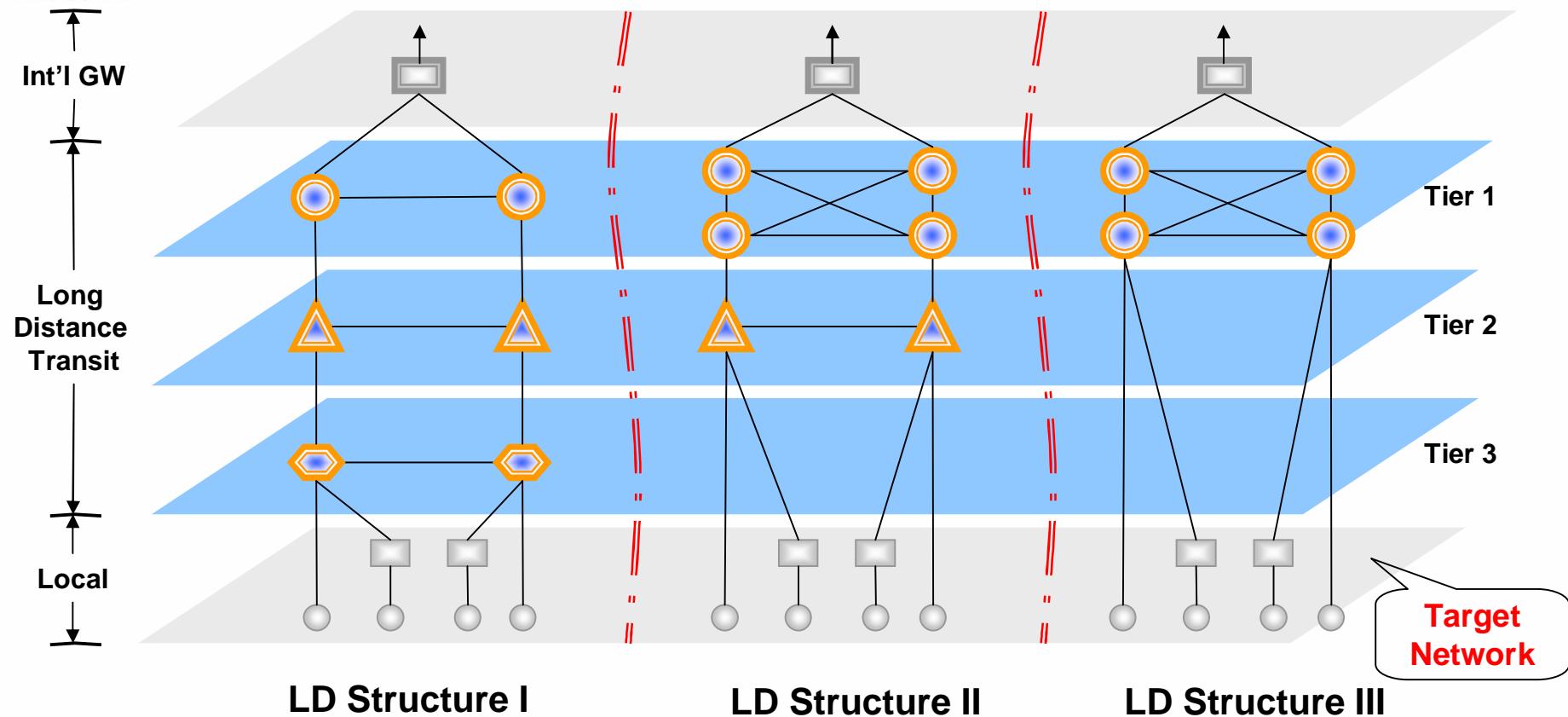
- ▶ In the future, all long distance traffic transit will be based on MGW via IP network.

CONTENT

- ➔ Current PTCL Transit Setting
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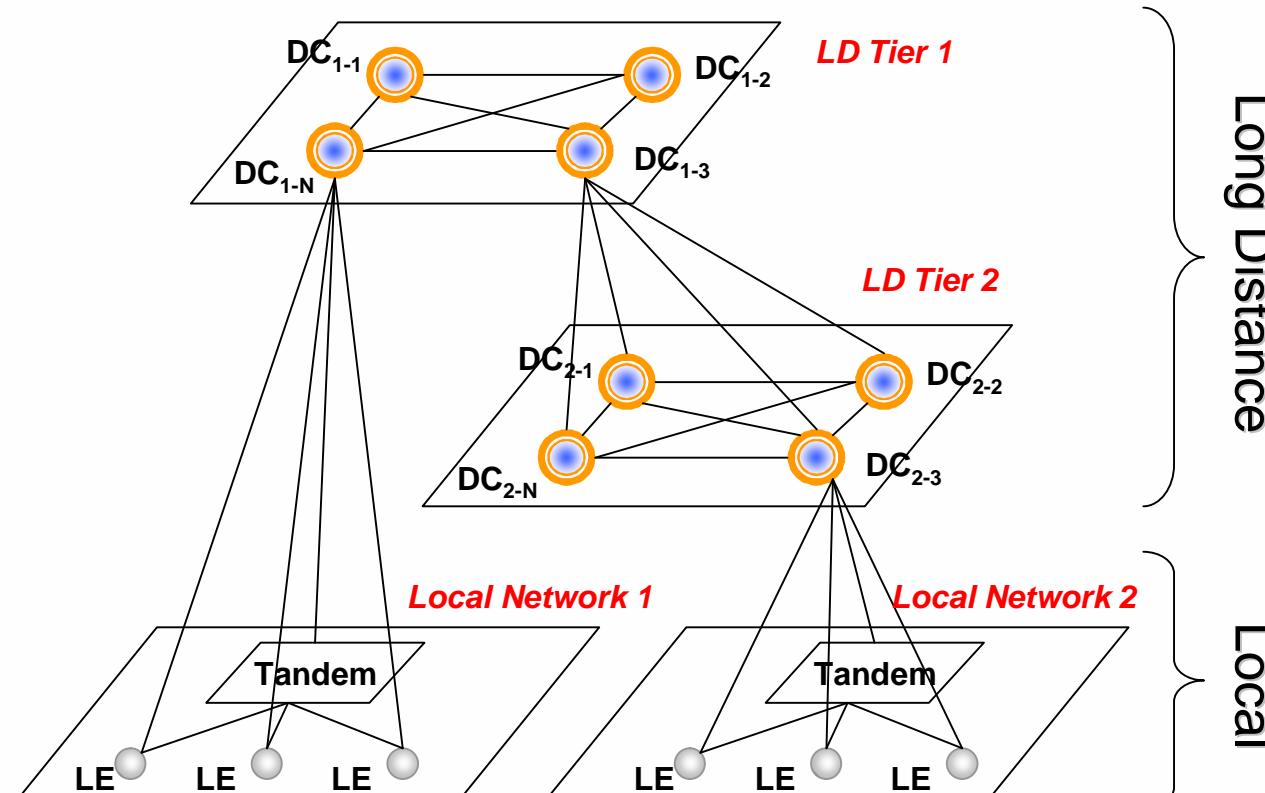


General Hierarchical Long Distance Network Structure



- ▶ In general, Tier 1 LD exchanges are used to transit national wide LD traffic; Tier 2 for intra-region LD traffic; Tier 3 for intra-district LD traffic.
- ▶ In current, LD transit network structure is evolving from structure I to structure II and III
- ▶ LD transit network structure planning depends on following factors: Exchange capability, Transmission CAPEX, Technological development.....

China Telecom (CT) 2-Tiers PSTN Network Structure

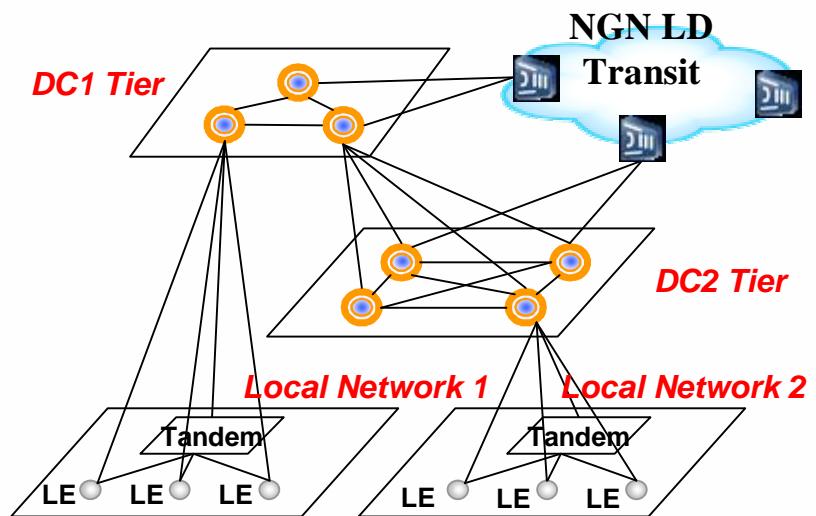
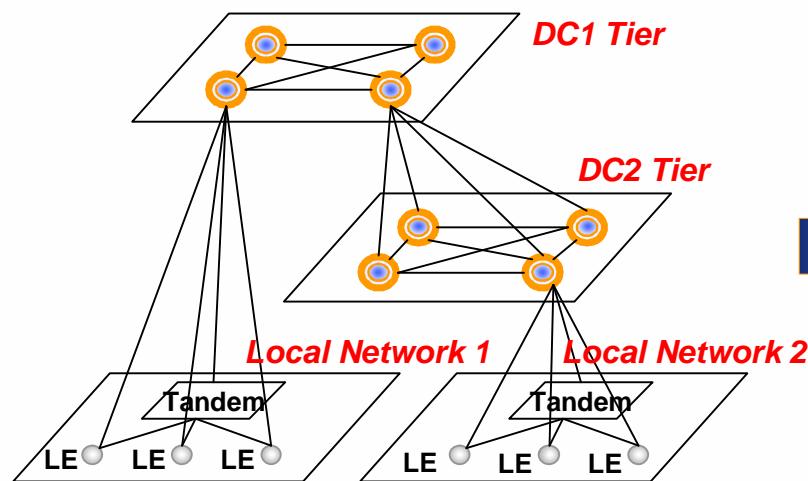


Note :

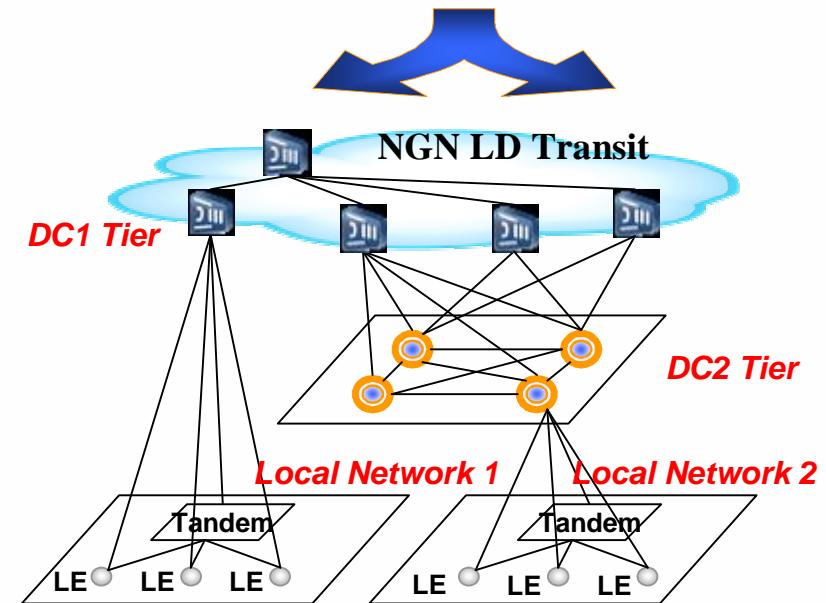
- DC1 : Tier 1 long distance transit exchange.
- DC2 : Tier 2 long distance transit exchange.
- Tandem: Local tandem exchange

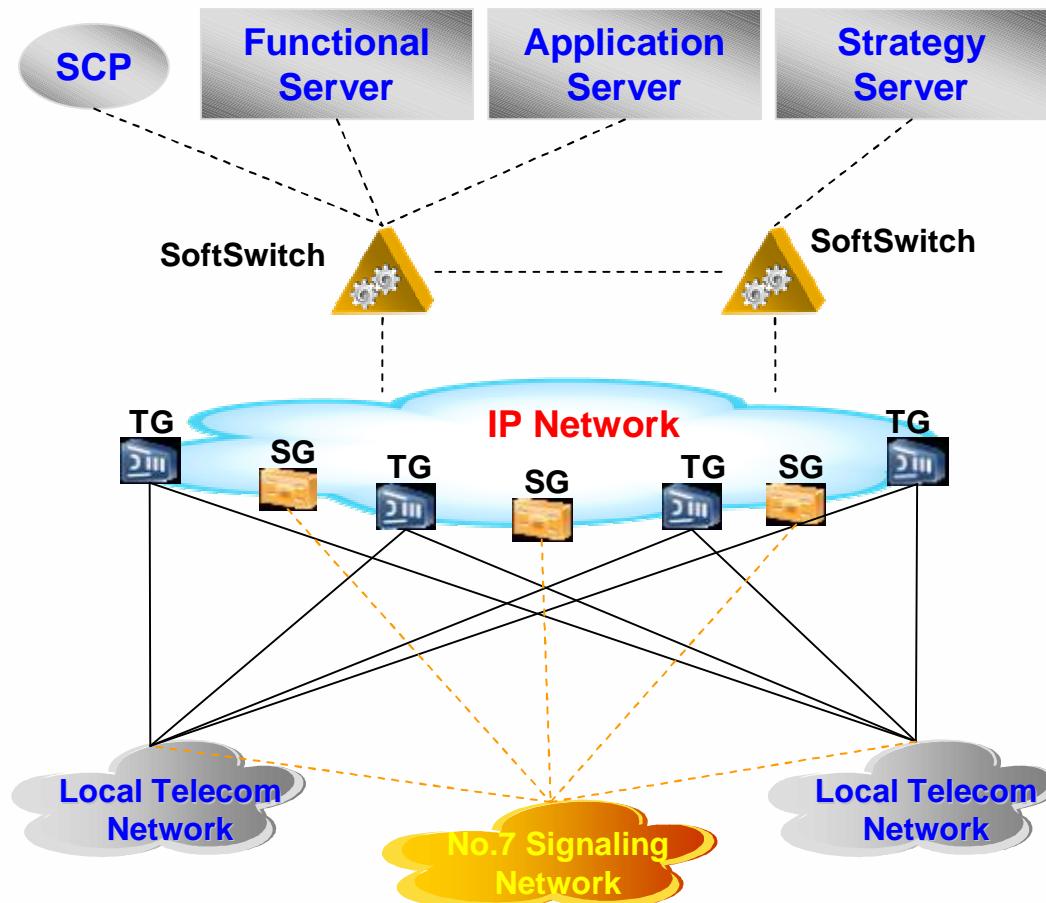
- ▶ DC1 : Deploy in the center city of province to transit inter-province LD traffic
- ▶ DC2 : Deploy in the center city of local network to transit intra-province LD traffic
- ▶ One LD area code for each local network
- ▶ Local target Structure: Two Tiers (tandem & LE) or One tier

CT Long Distance Network Migration Step



- Migration from PSTN to NGN
 - ▶ Step 1 : Deploy NGN plane to replace part function of DC1
 - ▶ Step 2 : Expand whole DC1 plane to NGN
 - ▶ Step 3: Construct uniform NGN-based long distance transit plane after replacing TDM devices of DC2



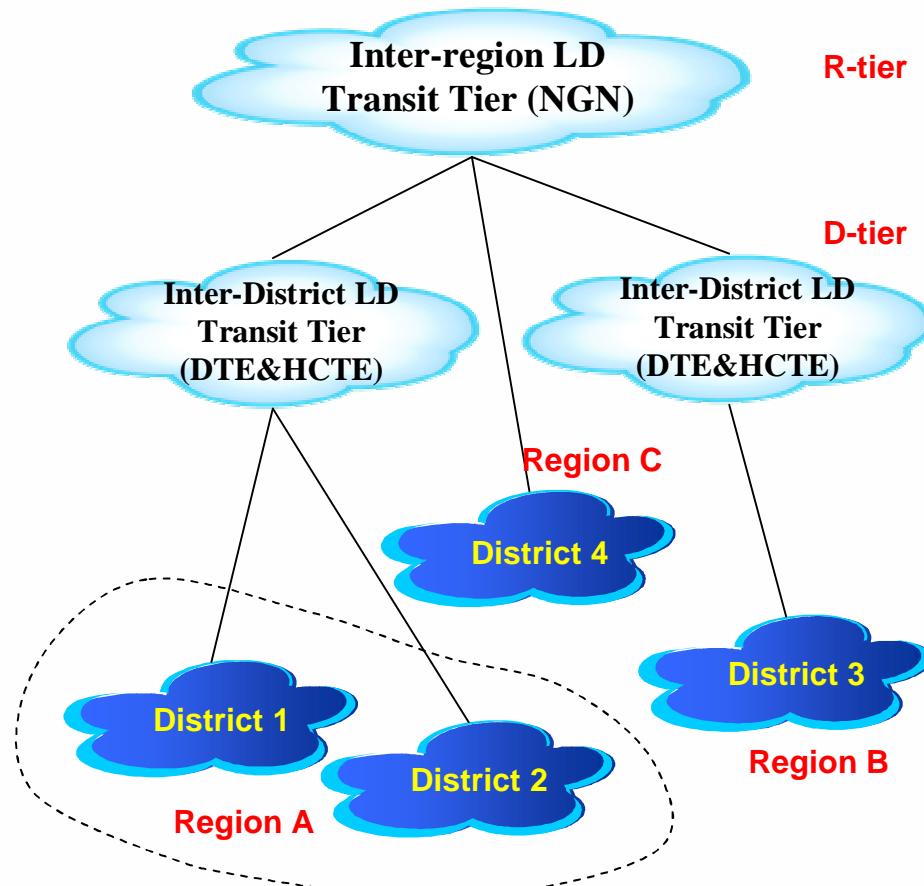


- ▶ Core Technology : IP
- ▶ Key Devices : NGN Series Devices, like Softswitch, MGW, SG etc.
- ▶ Main Advantage:
 - Reduce network control point
 - Flat network structure
 - Suitable for video, data service
 -

CONTENT

- ➔ Current PTCL Transit Setting
- ➔ General Transit Network Structure
- ➔ PTCL Transit Deployment Suggestion

Option 1 : Dual tier LD transit Structure



- **"Dual tiers-Regional Partition" LD Transit Structure:**

- **R-tier :** transit long distance traffic inter-region, implement with NGN devices
- **D-tier :** transit long distance traffic inter-district of same region, implement with existing HCTE & DTEs

- **Advantage:**

- Consistent with general maintaining habits by regions

LD Transit Target: Flat single tier LD network structure based on NGN

Option 2 : Single tier, Two plane LD transit Structure

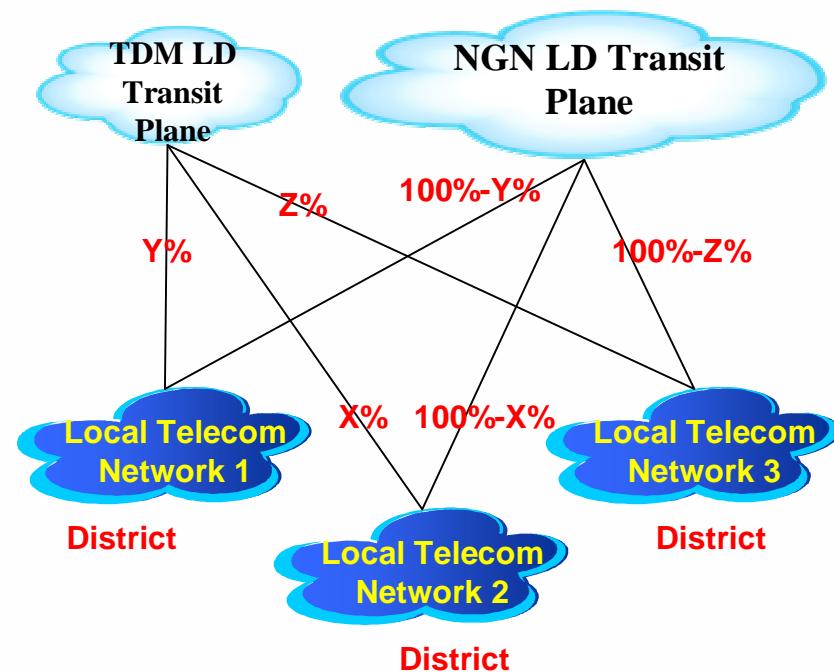
- **"Single tier-Two plane"** LD transit structure:

- **Prior-plane** : Prior to attract long distance traffic under NGN plane, LD traffic proportion will increase from 0% to 100%
- **Second-plane** : transit remaining LD traffic on TDM plane based on existing HCTEs & DTEs

- **Advantage**:

- Consistent with NGN flat network structure
- In the future, all transit plane will be IP-Based NGN with TDM network withdrawal.

Recommendation Solution



LD Transit Target: Single tier flat LD network structure based on NGN



Thank You



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